

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN AGRONOMY, SOYBEAN RESEARCH, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-EXTENSION

#### Does the Application of a Plant Growth Regulator and Fungicide Increase Oat Yield - 2017 Shawn Conley, State Soybean and Small Grains Specialist John Gaska, Senior Outreach Specialist Adam Roth, Program Manager

In an Oat Shock:

- The addition of Palisade PGR and Trivapro fungicide increased oat yield and reduced lodging
- Increased N rate above those recommended in A2809 did not increase oat yield
- · Growers should explore expected ROI and apply BMP's prior to adding any additional inputs

A research trial was initiated in the spring of 2017 at the Arlington Agricultural Research Station, Arlington, WI to assess the impact of a plant growth regulator (PGR) (Palisade, trinexapac-ethyl, Syngenta) and a foliar fungicide (Trivapro, benzovindiflupyr+azoxystrobin+propiconazole, Syngenta) in oats. Three high yielding varieties were selected for this trial: 1) BetaGene is a mid-late maturity variety with good yield potential and high beta-glucan levels released at the University of Wisconsin in 2015. BetaGene has good test weights, very good crown rust resistance and BYDV tolerance and medium lodging potential. 2) Ron is a mid-late season variety released by the UW in 2014. Ron has a good test weight, very good crown rust resistance and BYDV tolerance and medium lodging, early maturing oat with excellent test weight, medium lodging, and moderate resistance to crown rust. Palisade PGR was chosen because of its potential to mitigate lodging. It acts by shortening the internodes and strengthening the stem through inhibition of cell elongation. It was applied at 10 fl oz/a at the Feekes 4 stage. Trivapro was chosen as a broad-spectrum, preventative fungicide against many leaf diseases including rusts. It was applied at 13.7 fl oz/a at the Feekes 9 stage. Three nitrogen rates of 45, 90, and 135 lbs N/a were chosen to increase lodging potential. UWEX recommendations (A2809) for oats grown in this situation are 40 lbs N/a. Nitrogen treatments were applied as urea (46-0-0) in a broadcast surface application immediately following planting. UWEX recommended corrective fertilization practices were used.



Figure 1. Yield and lodging of three oat varieties, at three nitrogen fertilization levels, with and without a PGR+fungicide combination.

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Table 1. Materials, methods, and location information.

Year:	2017							
Expt. No.	17092							
Title:	Response o	Response of Three Oat Varieties to Nitrogen and a Plant Growth						
	Regulator fb Foliar Fungicide Combination							
Personnel:	Dr. Shawn	Dr. Shawn Conley, John Gaska, and Adam Roth						
Organization:	University of Wisconsin-Madison, Dept. of Agronomy							
Supported by:	Wisconsin Crop Improvement Association							
Location:	Arlington A	Arlington Agricultural Research Station, Arlington, WI						
FIELD INFORMATION			-					
Field:	248W							
Previous Crop:	Soybean	Soybean						
Soil fertility:	pH: 6.9 O.M	pH: 6.9 O.M.: 3.7 % P: 42 ppm K: 112 ppm						
Tillage:	No-tillage	No-tillage						
EXPERIMENTAL PROCE								
Exp. Design:	RCB							
Replicates:	4							
Variables:	3 oat varietie	3 oat varieties						
	3 nitrogen ra	3 nitrogen rates						
	2 foliar fungio	2 foliar fungicide/PGR products						
Plot Size:	Planted:	8' x 18'						
	Harvested:	5' x 14'						
Row Spacing:	7.5"							
Planting:	Date:	18-Apr-17						
	Equipment:	No till plot planter						
	Rate:	1.4 million seeds/acre						
	Depth:	1"						
Harvesting:	Date:	1-Aug-17						
	Equipment:	2010 Almaco SPC-40 plot combine						
	<b>Material</b>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Use</u>					
Pesticides:	MCPA	24 fl oz/a	Herbicide					

#### Results

The main effects of variety and foliar treatment were significant for yield. Overall, the application of nitrogen fertilizer above the recommended rate in A2809 did not increase oat yield. The combination of Palisade and Trivapro significantly decreased plant height and lodging and increased yields over the untreated control. Applying high rates of nitrogen fertilizer in conjunction with a PGR and fungicide application did not result in higher yields than the lower rate of nitrogen. This study will be repeated in 2018.

		Ea <sup>ll</sup> an	0			Ta - 4
Variaty	Nitrogon	Foliar	Grain	Hojaht	Loda	Test
vanety	Initrogen	treatment	yield	inchos	1.5	lbc/bu
	IDS IN/a		bu/ac	inches	1-5	IDS/DU
BetaGene			161 2	38.1	3.0	29.2
Ron			152.7	39.2	3.3	28.9
Antigo			161.6	37.3	1.8	35.4
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	45		161.5	37.9	2.3	31.5
	90		158.9	38.3	2.7	30.7
	135		155.1	38.4	3.1	31.3
BetaGene	45		165.7	37.5	2.5	29.0
BetaGene	90		164.7	37.8	2.9	28.4
BetaGene	135		153.2	39.0	3.6	30.1
Ron	45		155.1	39.1	3.1	29.5
Ron	90		149.9	39.0	3.4	28.5
Ron	135		153.2	39.4	3.5	28.8
Antigo	45		163.7	37.1	1.4	35.9
Antigo	90		162.0	38.0	1.9	35.4
Antigo	135		158.9	36.9	2.3	34.9
		NTC	146.4	39.3	3.5	30.8
		Palisade fb Trivapro	170.6	37.1	2.0	31.5
<b>D</b> / O		NITO	450.0	~~~~		
BetaGene			152.3	39.0	3.6	28.5
BetaGene		Palisade to Trivapro	170.1	37.2	2.4	29.8
Ron		NIC Delia e de <i>f</i> e Triceres	140.1	40.3	4.6	28.5
Ron		Palisade to Trivapro	165.4	38.0	2.1	29.4
Antigo			146.9	38.7	2.3	35.3
Antigo		Palisade ib Trivapro	176.2	36.0	1.4	35.4
	45	NITC	144 5	20.2	2 1	21.0
	45	Palisada fa Trivanro	178.5	36.6	1.6	31.0
	90	NTC	148.3	39.4	3.4	30.7
	90	Palisade fo Trivanro	169.6	37.1	2.0	30.8
	135	NTC	146.5	39.3	3.9	30.7
	135	Palisade fo Trivapro	163.7	37.5	2.3	31.9
		·				
BetaGene	45	NTC	149.6	38.8	3.3	28.5
BetaGene	45	Palisade fb Trivapro	181.8	36.3	1.8	29.5
BetaGene	90	NTC	161.7	39.0	3.5	28.2
BetaGene	90	Palisade fb Trivapro	167.8	36.5	2.3	28.6
BetaGene	135	NTC	145.7	39.3	4.0	28.9
BetaGene	135	Palisade fb Trivapro	160.7	38.8	3.3	31.3
Ron	45	NTC	137.6	40.0	4.5	28.8
Ron	45	Palisade fb Trivapro	172.6	38.3	1.8	30.3
Ron	90	NTC	137.5	40.3	4.5	28.1
Ron	90	Palisade fb Trivapro	162.4	37.8	2.3	28.9
Ron	135	NTC	145.0	40.8	4.8	28.5
Ron	135	Palisade fb Trivapro	161.3	38.0	2.3	29.1
Antigo	45	NTC	146.4	39.0	1.5	35.8
Antigo	45	Palisade fb Trivapro	181.0	35.3	1.3	36.0
Antigo	90	NTC	145.6	39.0	2.3	35.7
Antigo	90	Palisade fb Trivapro	178.5	37.0	1.5	35.1
Antigo	135	NTC	148.6	38.0	3.0	34.6
Antigo	135	Palisade fb Trivapro	169.3	35.8	1.5	35.2
Means			158.5	38.2	2.7	31.2
Decksbill' D T						
Probability Pr>F			0.0746	0004	0004	0001
variety			0.0716	<.0001	<.0001	<.0001
VariotyxNitrogen			0.3257	0.3879	0.0017	0.0294
vanetyxivittogen Foliar Treatmont				0.0970 ~ 0001	0.0170	0.0003
VarietyxFoliar treatm	hent		<.0001 0 3002	<.0001 0 5220		0.0011
NitrogenxFoliar treatment			0 1321	0.5239	0.0000	0.0742
VarietyxNitrogenyFo	liar treatment		0.7760	0.3125	0.3562	0.3004
vanety zivitiogen zru			5.1103	0.0120	0.0002	0.0004

# Table 2. Grain yield, lodging, plant height, and test weight of oat variety, nitrogen fertilization, and PGR fb fungicide treatments.

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